The challenges of pipetting



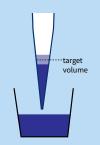
Temperature differences

target

Challenging liquid properties

Air displacement pipettes are calibrated to water under defined environmental conditions and are ideal for pipetting aqueous solutions. For optimal results under non-aqueous conditions, positive displacement pipettes or multi-dispensers are recommended. The following techniques can improve results when using air displacement pipettes.

High/low density



A density that differs from that of water influences the expansion of the air cushion and thus the volume of liquid.



+ User Adjustment*

Viscous

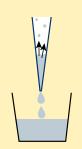


High flow resistance and remaining liquid at the tip make precise work difficult.



- + Reverse pipetting**
- + Pipette slowly and extend the waiting time
- + User Adjustment*

Volatile



Evaporation of the liquid into the air cushion.
The air cushion expands and leads to droplet formation.



- + Pre-wet the air cushion at least 5 times
- + Reverse pipetting**
- + User Adjustment*after sufficient pre-wetting

Foaming



Foaming makes accurate pipetting difficult.



- + Reverse pipetting**
- + Slow pipetting
- + Filter tips can protect against contamination

Wetting surfaces



Difficult-to-incomplete fluid release.

+ Utilize quality tips

+ Reverse pipetting**



+ If possible, conduct temperature equaliza-

Suggest reworking to:

Temperature differences

can change the air cush-

ion, leading to inaccurate

pipetting results.

- + Not possible?
 - User Adjustment*
 - Do not pre-wet the air cushion
 - Tip change after each pipetting step

Pipetting technique

- forward or reverse**?







Forward pipetting is particularly suitable for aqueous solutions and standard applications.

When pipetting challenging liquid properties (e.g. viscous, volatile, foaming), higher accuracy is achieved by reverse pipetting.

User Adjustment*

- quick, reversible, and without tools

The User Adjustment of the Transferpette® *pro* enables temporary adjustment to different liquid properties and conditions, e.g.

- + Challenging liquid properties
- + Temperature differences
- + Special pipette tips





How the user adjustment works:

- 1. Determine the volume deviation
- 2. Determine the adjustment value once



You can find a calculation tool and a detailed explanation at www.brand.de/uad

3. To set the adjustment value:
Remove the cover, pull the red slider
down and hold it down while adjusting
the volume adjustment wheel. Return
the slider and replace the cover.

- Function of the Transferpette® pro. The User Adjustment value setting must be selected according to the pipetting technique.
- ** Note on reverse pipetting: Carefully check whether the additional volume can be aspirated without liquid coming into contact with the shaft or filter.